U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



Privacy Impact Assessment for the VASTEC Data Conversion System (DCS)

Reviewed by: Henry J. Holcombe, Bureau Chief Privacy Officer

Concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

 $\hfill\square$ Non-concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

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Signature of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO VASTEC Data Conversion System (DCS)

Unique Project Identifier: PTOC-012-00

Introduction: System Description

Provide a brief description of the information system.

The VASTEC Data Conversion System (DCS) has been implemented in support of the Continuous Data Conversion (CDC) and Backfile/Pre-1971 Patent Conversion projects. The purpose of the system is to transform electronic Tagged Image File Format (TIFF) images of patent application documents to Extensible Markup Language (XML) documents based on a predefined XML schema. The files in the new XML format allow patent examiners to search, manage, and manipulate different document types, using examination tools under development.

VASTEC receives a USPTO bundle of document files for batch process in the Tampa VASTEC DCS through Secured File Transfer Protocol (SFTP). After the conversion is performed, the output is returned to USPTO in a VASTEC bundle. A bundle is the basic unit of recovery point objective in case of failure. The recovery of interrupted processing starts with the last USPTO bundle received, if it is intact. Otherwise, the USPTO bundle is retrieved from USPTO.

Address the following elements:

- (a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system VASTEC Data Conversion System (DCS) is a Major Application.
- (b) System location

VASTEC Data Conversion System (DCS) is located in Tampa, Florida.

- (c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)
 VASTEC Data Conversion System (DCS) is an external contractor system that has been implemented in support of the Continuous data Conversion (CDC).
- (d) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose(s) identified in Section 4
 The purpose of the system is to transform electronic Tagged Image File Format (TIFF)
 images of patent application documents into Extensible Markup Language (XML) documents
 based on a predefined XML schema.

(e) How information in the system is retrieved by the user

The files in the new XML format allow patent examiners to search, manage, and manipulate different document types, using examination tools under development.

(f) How information is transmitted to and from the system

VASTEC Data Conversion System (DCS) receives patent applications directly from the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO). Data transfer between DCS and USPTO is done via a secure transport system. The transfers take place over public internet, from DCS to USPTO through their TIC (trusted internet connection).

(g) Any information sharing

DCS shares information within the agency and the private sector. The information provided by USPTO is used by DCS for authorized data conversion activities performed by internal personnel only.

- (h) The specific programmatic authorities (statutes or Executive Orders) for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information
 The PII and BII data collected by the USPTO in the patent applications is to enable identification of the inventory and facilitate the patent application process. It is provided to DCS so that data conversion activities can be performed on the collected patent application. The legal authority to collect PII and/or BII derives from 35 U.S.C. 1, 2, 6, and 115; 5 U.S.C. 301 (SORN COMMERCE/PAT-TM-7).
- *(i) The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system*

The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system is Moderate.

Section 1: Status of the Information System

1.1 Indicate whether the information system is a new or existing system.

 \Box This is a new information system.

□ This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks. *(Check all that apply.)*

Changes That Create New Privacy Risks (CTCNPR)						
a. Conversions		d. Significant Merging		g. New Interagency Uses		
b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous		e. New Public Access		h. Internal Flow or Collection		
c. Significant System Management Changes		f. Commercial Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data		
j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify):						

- □ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment.
- ⊠ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment.

Section 2: Information in the System

2.1 Indicate what personally identifiable information (PII)/business identifiable information (BII) is collected, maintained, or disseminated. *(Check all that apply.)*

Identifying Numbers (IN)					
a. SocialSecurity*		f. Driver's License		j. Financial Account	
b. TaxpayerID		g. Passport		k. Financial Transaction	
c. EmployerID		h. Alien Registration		1. Vehicle Identifier	
d. Employee ID		i. Credit Card		m. MedicalRecord	
e. File/Case ID	\boxtimes				
n. Other identifying numbers	(specif	Ìy):	-	•	
*Explanation for the business	needto	o collect, maintain, or disseminat	te the S	Social Security number, including	z
truncated form:					-

General Personal Data (GPI	General Personal Data (GPD)						
a. Name	\boxtimes	h. Date of Birth		o. FinancialInformation			
b. MaidenName		i. Place of Birth		p. MedicalInformation			
c. Alias		j. Home Address		q. Military Service			
d. Gender		k. Telephone Number	\boxtimes	r. CriminalRecord			
e. Age		l. Email Address	\boxtimes	s. Marital Status			
f. Race/Ethnicity		m.Education		t. Mother's Maiden Name			
g. Citizenship		n. Religion					
u. Other general personal data (specify):							

Work-Related Data (WRD)					
a. Occupation	\boxtimes	e. Work Email Address	\boxtimes	i. Business Associates	\boxtimes
b. Job Title	\boxtimes	f. Salary		j. Proprietary or Business Information	
c. Work Address	\boxtimes	g. Work History		k. Procurement/contracting records	
d. Work Telephone Number	\boxtimes	h. Employment Performance Ratings or other Performance Information			

l. Other work-related data (specify):

Distinguishing Features/Biometrics (DFB)						
a. Fingerprints		f.	Scars, Marks, Tattoos		k. Signatures	
b. Palm Prints		g.	HairColor		1. Vascular Scans	
c. Voice/Audio Recording		h.	EyeColor		m. DNA Sample or Profile	
d. Video Recording		i.	Height		n. Retina/Iris Scans	
e. Photographs		j.	Weight		o. DentalProfile	
p. Other distinguishing feat	ures/bio	omet	rics (specify):			

System Administration/Audit Data (SAAD)						
a. User ID		c. Date/Time of Access		e. IDFiles Accessed		
b. IP Address		f. Queries Run		f. Contents of Files		
g. Other system a dministration/audit data (specify):						

Other Information (specify)

2.2 Indicate sources of the PII/BII in the system. (Check all that apply.)

Directly from Individual about Whom the Information Pertains						
In Person		Hard Copy: Mail/Fax		Online		
Telephone		Email				
Other (specify):	-	-	-		-	

Government Sources				
Within the Bureau	\boxtimes	Other DOC Bureaus	Other Federal Agencies	
State, Local, Tribal		Foreign		
Other (specify):				

Non-government Sources				
Public Organizations		Private Sector	Commercial Data Brokers	
Third Party Website or Application				
Other(specify):				

2.3 Describe how the accuracy of the information in the system is ensured.

VASTEC Data Conversion System (DCS) receives patent applications directly from the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO). Data transfer between DCS and USPTO is done via a secure transport system. The transfers take place over public internet, from DCS to USPTO through their TIC (trusted internet connection). The connectivity is a utomated via folders that were established on both ends. When establishing the transfer mechanism, a user a ccount/password was established on both sides as well as an SSL certificate exchange. Therefore, DCS will only a ccept connections from PTO that come from the proper IP address, have the correct username/password, and provides the proper certificate. The same exists for traffic coming from DCS to PTO.

2.4 Is the information covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act?

Yes, the information is covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act. Provide the OMB control number and the agency number for the collection. 0651-0031 Patent Processing 0651-0032 Initial Patent Application
No, the information is not covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act.

2.5 Indicate the technologies used that contain PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deployed. (*Check all that apply.*)

Technologies Used Containing PII/BII Not Previously Deployed (TUCPBNPD)							
Smart Cards		Biometrics					
Caller-ID		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards					
Other (specify):							

 \square There are not any technologies used that contain PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deployed.

Section 3: System Supported Activities

3.1 Indicate IT system supported activities which raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check all that apply.)

Activities		
Audio recordings	Building entry readers	
Video surveillance	Electronic purchase transactions	
Other (specify): Click or tap here to enter text.		

There are not any IT system supported activities which raise privacy risks/concerns.

Section 4: Purpose of the System

4.1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT system is being collected, maintained, or disseminated. *(Check all that apply.)*

Purpose			
For a Computer Matching Program		For a dministering human resources programs	
For a dministrative matters	\boxtimes	To promote information sharing initiatives	\boxtimes
Forlitigation		For criminal law enforcement activities	
For civil enforcement activities		For intelligence activities	
To improve Federal services online	\boxtimes	For employee or customer satisfaction	
For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)		For web measurement and customization technologies (multi-session)	
Other(specify):			

Section 5: Use of the Information

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

This PII and BII data is collected by the USPTO to enable identification of the inventory and facilitate the patent application process. VASTEC DCS does not store any data a fter processing and it is directly transmitted back to USPTO. The PII/BII comes from persons applying for patents through the USPTO. This could include federal employees, contractors, members of the public or foreign nationals.

5.2 Describe any potential threats to privacy, such as insider threat, as a result of the bureau's/operating unit's use of the information, and controls that the bureau/operating unit has put into place to ensure that the information is handled, retained, and disposed

appropriately. (For example: mandatory training for system users regarding appropriate handling of information, automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule, etc.)

Foreign entities and insider threats are the predominant threats to the system. DCS connects to the USPTO File Transfer system which is a part of the NSI Master System. In accordance with the USPTO Privacy Policy guidelines, the DCS system is designed and administered to ensure the confidentiality of PII provided to DCS by USPTO. Specific safeguards that are employed by the DCS system to protect the patent applications include:

- The DCS system and its facility are physically secured and closely monitored. Only individuals authorized by DCS to access USPTO data are granted logical access to the system.
- All patent information is encrypted when transferred between DCS and USPTO using secure electronic methods.
- Technical, operational, and management security controls are in place at DCS and are verified regularly.
- Periodic security testing is conducted on the DCS system to help assure than any new security vulnerabilities are discovered and fixed.
- All DCS personnel are trained to securely handle patent information, insider threats and to understand their responsibilities for protecting patents.

Controls listed in 6.3 will be added here.

Section 6: Information Sharing and Access

6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the PII/BII will be shared. *(Check all that apply.)*

Recipient	How Information will be Shared			
-	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access	
Within the bureau		\boxtimes		
DOC bureaus				
Federalagencies				
State, local, tribal gov't agencies				
Public				
Private sector		\boxtimes		
Foreign governments				
Foreign entities				
Other (specify):				

The PII/BII in the system will not be shared.

6.2 Does the DOC bureau/operating unit place a limitation on re-dissemination of PII/BII shared with external agencies/entities?

\boxtimes	Yes, the external a gency/entity is required to verify with the DOC bureau/operating unit before re- dissemination of PII/BII.
	No, the external a gency/entity is not required to verify with the DOC bureau/operating unit before re- dissemination of PII/BII.
	No, the bureau/operating unit does not share PII/BII with external a gencies/entities.

6.3 Indicate whether the IT system connects with or receives information from any other IT systems authorized to process PII and/or BII.

\boxtimes	Yes, this IT system connects with or receives information from a nother IT system(s) authorized to
	process PII and/or BII.
	Provide the name of the IT system and describe the technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage:
	DCS connects to the USPTO File Transfer system which is a part of the NSI Master System.
	In a ccordance with the USPTO Privacy Policy guidelines, the DCS system is designed and a dministered to ensure the confidentiality of PII provided to DCS by USPTO. Specific sa feguards that are employed by the DCS system to protect the patent applications include:
	• The DCS system and its facility are physically secured and closely monitored. Only individuals
	authorized by DCS to access USPTO data are granted logical access to the system.
	• All patent information is encrypted when transferred between DCS and USPTO using secure electronic methods.
	 Technical, operational, and management security controls are in place at DCS and are verified regularly. Periodic security testing is conducted on the DCS system to help a ssure than any new security vulnerabilities are discovered and fixed.
	• All DCS personnel are trained to securely handle patent information and to understand their
	responsibilities for protecting patents.
	No, this IT system does not connect with or receive information from a nother IT system(s) authorized to
	process PII and/or BII.

6.4 Identify the class of users who will have access to the IT system and the PII/BII. (Check all that apply.)

Class of Users			
GeneralPublic		Government Employees	\boxtimes
Contractors	\boxtimes		
Other(specify):			

Section 7: Notice and Consent

- 7.1 Indicate whether individuals will be notified if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, or disseminated by the system. *(Check all that apply.)*
 - Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a system of records notice published in the Federal Register and discussed in Section 9.

Yes, notice is provided by a Privacy Act statement and/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statement and/or privacy policy can be found at:	
Yes, notice is provided by other means.	Specify how: Notice is provided at the time of collection by the patent front– end systems.
No, notice is not provided.	Specify why not:

7.2 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify how:
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify why not: Individuals may have the opportunity to decline to provide their PII/BII within the DCS system; however, the information is needed for successful processing of the patent application. That option would be offered by the primary patent application ingress system, which is covered under the system of records at USPTO: <u>COMMERCE/PAT/TM-7</u>

7.3 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify how:
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify why not: Individuals may have the opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII within the DCS system. That option would be offered by the primary patent application ingress system, which is covered under the system of records at USPTO: <u>COMMERCE/PAT/TM-7</u> , Patent Application Files. That information is volunteered by individuals as a part of the patent application process. The PII/BII contained in this information is needed for successful processing of the patent application.

7.4 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.

\boxtimes	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to	Specify how:
	review/update PII/BII pertaining to	Individuals have an opportunity to review/updated PII/BII
	them.	pertaining to them up to and before the Patent application is
		published and finalized. That option would be offered by the
		primary patent application ingress system, which is covered
		under the system of records at USPTO:
		COMMERCE/PAT/TM-7, Patent Application Files.

	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify why not:
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Section 8: Administrative and Technological Controls

8.1 Indicate the administrative and technological controls for the system. *(Check all that apply.)*

\boxtimes	All users signed a confidentiality a greement or non-disclosure agreement.
\mathbb{X}	All users are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
\boxtimes	Staff (employees and contractors) received training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.
\boxtimes	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to a uthorized personnel only.
\boxtimes	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored, tracked, or recorded. Explanation:
\boxtimes	 The information is secured in a ccordance with the Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA) requirements. Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A): 7/20/2023 □ This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.
\boxtimes	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a moderate or higher.
\boxtimes	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M).
\boxtimes	A security assessment report has been reviewed for the information system and it has been determined that there are no additional privacy risks.
\boxtimes	Contractors that have access to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts required by DOC policy.
\boxtimes	Contracts with customers establish DOC ownership rights over data including PII/BII.
	Acceptance of liability for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in a greements with customers.
	Other (specify):

8.2 Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system. *(Include data encryption in transit and/or at rest, if applicable).*

Access to the system and data are limited to system a dministrators and software developers. Data is received, processed, and returned. This is usually within four hours. All transfers of data between DCS and USPTO occur over a FIPS 140-2 certified secure file transport system.

Section 9: Privacy Act

- 9.1 Is the PII/BII searchable by a personal identifier (e.g, name or Social Security number)?
 - Yes, the PII/BII is searchable by a personal identifier.
 - □ No, the PII/BII is not searchable by a personal identifier.
- 9.2 Indicate whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. (A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not covered by an existing SORN).

As per the Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual."

Yes, this system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN). Provide the SORN name, number, and link. <i>(list all that apply)</i> : Yes, this system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN). Provide the SORN name and number (list all that apply): <u>COMMERCE/PAT/TM-7</u> Patent Application Files. (Note: This notice is broken down, where indicated, into three subsystems relating to the status of the files: a. Pending; b. Abandoned; and c. Patented.).
Yes, a SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on <u>(date)</u> .
No, this system is not a system of records and a SORN is not applicable.

Section 10: Retention of Information

10.1 Indicate whether these records are covered by an approved records control schedule and monitored for compliance. *(Check all that apply.)*

\boxtimes	There is an approved record control schedule. Provide the name of the record control schedule: N-241-10-1:4-4 for Patent Examination Feeder Records	
	No, there is not an approved record control schedule. Provide the stage in which the project is in developing and submitting a records control schedule:	
\boxtimes	Yes, retention is monitored for compliance to the schedule.	
	No, retention is not monitored for compliance to the schedule. Provide explanation:	

10.2 Indicate the disposal method of the PII/BII. (Check all that apply.)

Disposal				
Shredding		Overwriting	\boxtimes	
Degaussing		Deleting	\boxtimes	

Other (specify):

Section 11: NIST Special Publication 800-122 PII Confidentiality Impact Level

11.1 Indicate the potential impact that could result to the subject individuals and/or the organization if PII were inappropriately accessed, used, or disclosed. (*The PII Confidentiality Impact Level is not the same, and does not have to be the same, as the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category.*)

	Low – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.		
\boxtimes	Moderate – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or a vailability could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.		
	High – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic a dverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.		

11.2 Indicate which factors were used to determine the above PII confidentiality impact level. *(Check all that apply.)*

\boxtimes	Identifiability	Provide explanation:
		Occupation, name, title, address, phone number, & email
		address are all non-sensitive identifiers.
\boxtimes	Quantity of PII	Provide explanation:
		PII is only on the system for the time it takes to process and return
		to USPTO. The amount of PII is very minimal.
\boxtimes	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation:
		Non-Sensitive. Items listed in the Identifiability section are all
		publicly a vailable information.
\boxtimes	Context of Use	Provide explanation:
		Information is for identifying and tracking patent
		applicants/applications.
\boxtimes	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation:
		Data Privacy Act of 1974
\boxtimes	Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation:
		The information containing PII must be transmitted outside of the
		USPTO environment. There is an added need to ensure the
		confidentiality of information during transmission.
	Other:	Provide explanation:
		-

Section 12: Analysis

12.1 Identify and evaluate any potential threats to privacy that exist in light of the information collected or the sources from which the information is collected. Also, describe the choices that the bureau/operating unit made with regard to the type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information in order to prevent or